The Grub-ſtreet Journal. NUMB. 360.

THURSDAY, *NOVEMBER* 18, 1736.

Friday, Nov. 5, 1736.

Gentlemen,

YOU are certainly very much to be commended, and doubtleſs have the applauſe of all the ſober people who read the *Grub-ſtreet Journal*, for refuſing to inſert in it, a lewd *Poem on* PUNCH, which wou'd very likely not only have depreciated your Paper, but might have done hurt to many, and no good to any but the **Punch-Venders.**

It would, in my opinion, be particularly ſeaſonable upon it, if you ſhould think fit to inſert in your *Journal*, what the learned and judicious Dr. CHEYNE has written in his *Eſſay of Health and Long Life*, concerning DRINKS: which, as it is a rational and friendly Diſcourſe, may be of good uſe to many, more eſpecially at this juncture. It begins at Page 42, *Section* xii, and ends at Page 60, *Sect.* xvii. incluſive.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your friend and ſervant,

PHILAGATHUS.

§. XII. *Drink* is the other part of our food. The common *Drink* here in England, is either *Water*, *Malt Liquor*, or *Wine*, or mixtures of theſe. Without all peradventure, *Water* was the primitive, original Beverage, as it is the only ſimple Fluid (for there are but three more in nature, *Mercury*, *Light* and *Air*,) fitted for diluting, moiſtening, and cooling; the ends of Drink appointed by Nature. And happy had it been for the race of mankind, other mix'd and artificial Liquors had never been invented. It has been an agreeable appearance to me, to obſerve with what freſhneſs and vigour, thoſe who, though eating freely of fleſh meat, yet drank nothing but this element, have lived in health, indolence, and chearfulneſs, to a great age. *Water* alone is ſufficient and effectual for all the purpoſes of human wants in Drink. Strong Liquors were never deſigned for common uſe: they were formerly kept (here in England) as other Medicines are, in Apothecaries ſhops, and preſcribed by Phyſicians, as they do *Diaſcordium* and *Venice Treacle*; to refreſh the weary, to ſtrengthen the weak, to give courage to the faint-hearted, and raiſe the low-ſpirited. And it were as juſt and reaſonable, to ſee men (and, if they go on, it is not impoſſible I may hear of it, ſince *Laudanum* is already taken into feaſts and entertainments) ſit down to a diſh of *Venice Treacle*, or *Sir Walter Raleigh*'s *Confection*, with a bottle of *Hyſterick Cordial*, as to a diſh of *Crawfiſh Soop*, an *Ox cheek*, or *Veniſon paſty*, with a bottle of *Hermitage*, or *Tockay*, or, which ſome prefer to either of them, a bowl of *Punch*. *Wine* is now become as common as *Water*; and the better ſort ſcarce ever dilute their food with any other liquor. And we ſee, by daily experience, that (as natural cauſes will always produce their proper effects) their blood becomes inflamed into gout, ſtone, and rheumatiſm, raging fevers, pleuriſies, ſmall-pox, or meaſles; their paſſions are enraged into quarrels, murder, and blaſphemy; their juices are dried up; and their ſolids ſcorch'd and ſhrivel'd. Thoſe whoſe appetite and digeſtion is good and entire, never want ſtrong Liquors to ſupply Spirits: ſuch Spirits are too volatile and fugitive for any ſolid or uſeful purpoſes in life. Two ounces of fleſh meat, well digeſted, beget a greater ſtock of more durable and uſeful Spirits, than ten times as much ſtrong Liquors, which nothing but luxury and concupiſcence makes neceſſary. . . . . Nothing is more ridiculous, than the common Plea for continuing in drinking on large quantities of *Spirituous Liquors*, viz. becauſe they have been accuſtomed ſo to do, and they think it dangerous to leave it off, all of a ſudden. It were as reaſonable for him that is fallen into the fire or water to lie there, becauſe of the danger of removing him ſuddenly; for neither element will deſtroy him more certainly, before his time, than wallowing in ſtrong Liquors. No man is afraid to forbear ſtrong Liquors in an acute diſtemper; and yet any ſudden change of the Humours would not only be more dangerous then, but alſo would more readily happen and come to paſs, in ſuch critical caſes. But the matter of fact is falſe and groundleſs: for I have known and obſerved conſtant good effects, from leaving off ſuddenly great quantities of *Wine* and Fleſh Meats too, and never obſerved any ill conſequence from it in any caſe whatſoever. Thoſe whoſe Conſtitutions have been quite broken, and running into diſſolution, have lived longer, and been leſs pained in ſickneſs; and thoſe who have had a fund in nature to laſt longer, have grown better, and attained their end by it. I allow every man, that has been accuſtomed to *Wine*, or ſtrong Liquors, a pint in 24 hours; and I am well ſatisfied, that quantity is ſufficient for health, let their cuſtom have been what it will.

§. XIII. A great miſtake committed in this affair, is, that moſt people think the only remedy for gluttony, is drunkenneſs; or that the cure of a ſurfeit of meat, is a ſurfeit of wine: than which nothing can be more falſe or contrary to nature; for 'tis *lightning*, as the ſaying is, *the candle at both ends*. For, firſt of all, *Wine*, and all other ſtrong Liquors, are as hard to digeſt, and require as much labour of the concoctive powers, as ſtrong food itſelf. This is not only evident, with reſpect to people of weak ſtomachs, but alſo from hence, that healthy people, who drink only *Water*, or weak *Small-beer*, ſhall be able to eat and digeſt almoſt double of what they could, did they drink ſtrong Liquors at their meals, as every one that pleaſes may experience. Water is the only univerſal Diſſolvent or *Menſtruum*, and the moſt certain diluter of all bodies proper for food; tho' there are a great many that *Spirituous Liquors* not only will not diſſolve, but will harden and make more undigeſtable; eſpecially the Salts of bodies, wherein their active qualities, that is, thoſe that can do moſt harm to human conſtitutions, conſiſt. And I have known men of weak and tender conſtitutions, who could neither eat nor digeſt, upon drinking of *Wine*, who, by drinking at meals common *Water* heated, have recovered their appetites and digeſtion, have thriven and grown plump. 'Tis true, ſtrong Liquors, by their heat and ſtimulation on the organs of concoction, by increaſing the velocity of the motion of the Fluids, will carry off the load that lies upon the ſtomach with more preſent chearfulneſs: yet, beſides the future damages of ſuch a quantity of *Wine*, to the Stomach and to the Fluids, by its heat and inflammation, the food is hurried into the Habit, unconcocted, and lays a foundation for a Fever, a fit of the Cholick, or ſome chronical diſeaſe.

§. XIV. Another miſtake I ſhall obſerve, is the extreme fondneſs perſons of the better ſort here in England have lately run into, for the ſtrong and *High country Wines*. I can think of no reaſon for this, but the very honeſt one the Vulgar give for drinking *Brandy*; That they get ſooner drunk on it. For ſurely the middling lighter *Wines* inflame the animal juices leſs, go more eaſily off the ſtomach, and afford more room for converſation and chearfulneſs. Exceſs in them gives leſs pain, and is ſooner remedied. But there are Degrees in this matter. *Nemo repente fuit turpiſſimus*. They begin with the weaker Wines; theſe, by uſe and habit, will not do, they leave the ſtomach ſick and mawkiſh; they muſt fly to ſtronger Wine, and ſtronger ſtill, and run the *Climax*, through *Brandy* to *Barbados Waters*, and double-diſtill'd *Spirits*, 'till at laſt they can find nothing hot enough for them. *Strong Waters* ſhould never be taken but by the direction of a Phyſician, or in the agonies of death. For when perſons arrive at that ſtate, that they become neceſſary to their eaſe and freedom of Spirits, they may be juſtly reckoned among the Dead, both as to the ſhort time they have to live, and the little uſe they can be of, either to themſelves, or mankind. I ſpeak not here of Thoſe who are under an actual fit of the Gout or Cholick in the ſtomach. [*We muſt not die for fear of dying.*] . . . . The rich, ſtrong, and heavy *Wines* ought never to be taſted without a ſufficient dilution of *Water*; at leaſt, they ſhould be uſed, like *Brandy* or *Spirits*, for a Cordial.

§. XV. I have no intention here to diſcourage the innocent means of enlivening converſation, promoting friendſhip, comforting the ſorrowful heart, and raiſing the drooping ſpirits, by the chearful cup, and the ſocial repaſt. Perhaps I may like the harmleſs frolick, the warm reception of a friend, and even the *Dulce Furere* itſelf, more than I ought: perſons ſober in the main, will receive little prejudice from ſuch a Fillip, when the occaſions happen but ſeldom, and eſpecially when they make it up, by a greater abſtinence afterwards: but a Sot is the loweſt character in life. Did only the profligate, the ſcoundrel, the abandoned, run into theſe exceſſes, it were in vain to endeavour to reclaim them, as it were to ſtop a tempeſt, or calm a ſtorm. But now that the vice is become Epidemical, ſince it is got not only among Mechanicks and Tradeſmen, but among perſons of the brighteſt genius, the fineſt taſte, and the moſt accompliſh'd parts; and (oh, that I could give my conſcience the lye, in mentioning them!) even among the firſt and leaſt fallen part of the Creation itſelf, and thoſe of them too, of the moſt elegant parts, and the ſtricteſt virtue otherwiſe; and, which is ſtill the moſt ſurpriſing of all, even thoſe too, who are in all other reſpects blameleſs. Since, I ſay, the Caſe is ſo, it will not be amiſs to ſhew, to the evidence of a Demonſtration, the folly, as well as the fruitfulneſs of ſuch a courſe.—A fit of the Cholick, or of the Vapours, a family-misfortune, a caſual diſappointment, the death of a child, or of a friend, with the aſſiſtance of the Nurſe, the Midwife, and the next neighbour, often give riſe and become the weighty cauſes of ſo fatal an effect. A little lowneſs requires *Drops*, which paſs readily down under the notion of Phyſick; *Drops* beget *Drams*, and *Drams* beget more *Drams*, 'till they come to be without weight, and without meaſure; ſo that at laſt the miſerable Creature ſuffers a true martyrdom, between its natural modeſty, the great neceſſity of concealing its cravings, and the ſtill greater one of getting them ſatisfied ſome how. Higher and more ſevere fits of Hyſtericks, Tremors, and Convulſions, begot by theſe, bring forth farther neceſſity of *Drops*, *Drams*, and *Gills*, 'till at laſt a kind Dropſy, nervous Convulſions, a nervous Atrophy, or a colliquative Diarrhœa, if not a Fever, or a Frenzy, ſet the poor ſoul free. . . . . Did this bewitching Poiſon actually cure or relieve them, from time to time, ſomething might be ſaid, to extenuate the folly and frenzy of ſuch a courſe: but, on the contrary, it heightens and enrages all their ſymptoms and ſufferings, ever afterwards, excepting the few moments immediately after taking it down; and every *Dram* begets the neceſſity of two more, to cure the ill effects of the firſt; and one minutes indolence they purchaſe with many hours of greater pain and miſery, beſides the making the malady more incurable. Low-ſpiritedneſs, in itſelf, is no Diſeaſe; beſides that there are Remedies in Art that will always relieve it, ſo long as there is any Oil remaining in the Lamp; and 'tis in vain to try to raiſe the Dead: Exerciſe, Abſtinence, and proper Evacuations, with time and patience, will continually make it tolerable, very often they will perfectly cure it. The running into *Drams*, is giving up the whole at once; for neither *Laudanum*, nor *Arſenick* will kill more certainly, although more quickly.

§ XVI. Next to *Drams*, no liquor deſerves more to be ſtigmatized and baniſh'd the repaſts of the Tender, Valetudinary, and Studious, than PUNCH. 'Tis a compoſition of ſuch parts, as not one of them is ſalutary or kindly to ſuch conſtitutions, except the pure Element in it. —— The principal ingredient is, *Rum*, *Arrack*, *Brandy*, or *Malt Spirits*, as they are called; all of them raiſed by the fire, from the fermented juices of Plants brought from ſouthern countries, or which have longeſt borne the heat of the ſun in our own climate: and 'tis obſervable, that every thing that has paſs'd the fire, ſo that it has had due time to divide and penetrate its parts, as far as it poſſibly can, retains a cauſtick, corroſive, and burning quality ever afterwards. This is evident from the fiery and burning touch and taſte of new-drawn *Spirits*; as alſo from the burning of Lime-ſtone, which, tho' extinguiſh'd by boiling water, does ever after retain its heating and drying quality, as appears from the great uſe of Lime-water, in drying up all humid ſores, when given inwardly by itſelf, or compounded with ſudorifick woods and roots, and from its ſucceſs in outward applications for the ſame purpoſes. And tho' time may, in ſome meaſure, get the better of this, in its ſenſible and obvious operations; yet, ſince Water is a groſſer body than Fire or Flame, it never can penetrate it ſo far, as quite to extinguiſh its inmoſt heat; eſpecially if we conſider, that *Spirits* are but an accumulation of fine Salts and light Oil, compacted together into the ſmalleſt volume: the firſt whereof is ſo hard and ſolid, as naturally to retain the heat the longeſt, into which Water cannot enter; the other, to wit, the Oil is ſo inflamable, that it moſt readily receives heat and Fire, and defends the Salts from the power of the Water over them. And in the continued Diſtillation of *Spirits*, this action of the Fire is ſo ſtrong, as to reduce them to liquid Flames at laſt, which will of themſelves evaporate in viſible flames and fumes. ——

The other principal part of the Compoſition, is the *Juice of Oranges* and *Lemons*. And if we conſider, that a *Lemon* or *Orange* could never be tranſported half ſeas-over to us, without rotting or ſpoiling, if gathered when wholly

ripe, we ſhould have no great opinion of their Juices. Every Spaniſh or Portugal merchant can inform us, that they muſt be gathered green, or at leaſt a month before they are ripe; elſe they are not fit to be ſent beyond the ſeas. The ſea-air, and their being ſhut up cloſe, gives them that golden yellow colour we ſo much admire. The Juice of a Crab-apple, of unripe Grapes, or Gooſe berries, or even good Juice of Sorrel, would come up at leaſt to their virtue of extinguiſhing the heat of *Spirits*, if not to their flavour. And how kindly a gueſt ſuch Juices would be to the fine fibres of weak ſtomachs and bowels, I leave every one to judge. The truth is, all fermenting Juices, ſuch as theſe eminently are, muſt be highly injurious to weak conſtitutions; for, meeting with the crudities in the bowels, they muſt raiſe a new battle and colluctation there, and ſo muſt blow up the whole cavities of the human body, with acrid fumes and vapours, the great and ſore enemy of ſuch bowels. And in the Weſt Indies, where, from the neceſſity of drinking much, becauſe of the violence of the heat, and from the want of proper Liquors there, they are forced to drink much PUNCH, tho' *Lemons* and *Oranges* be in their full perfection; they are univerſally afflicted with nervous and mortal dry belly-aches, cramps, and convulſions; which cut them off in a few days, entirely owing to this poiſonous mixture. —— The two remaining ingredients are *Sugar* and *Water*; and theſe I will give up to the *Punch drinkers*, and allow them all the benefit of them, they can bring to this Compoſition: yet it will ſtill have malignity ſufficient remaining, to be held in deteſtation, (at leaſt for any great uſe, or in any great quantity, for ſome poiſons are ſo only by their quantity) by thoſe tender and valetudinary perſons, who value health and life. The ſtrong, the voluptuous, and the abandoned, need no advice, at leaſt they will take none. I could never ſee any temptation, for any one in their ſenſes, to indulge in this Heatheniſh Liquor, but that it makes its votaries the ſooneſt, and all of a ſudden the deepeſt drunk, holds them longeſt in the fit, and deprives them the moſt entirely of the uſe of their intellectual faculties, and bodily organs, of any Liquor whatſoever. It is likeſt *Opium* both in its nature, and in the manner of its operation; and neareſt *Arſenick* in its deleterious and poiſonous qualities: and ſo I leave it to them;

Who knowing this, will yet drink on and die.

§ XVII. As to *Malt Liquors*, they are not much in uſe, excepting *Small Beer*, with any but Mechanicks and Fox-hunters. The French very juſtly call them *Barley Soup*. I am well ſatisfied a weak ſtomach can as readily, and with leſs pain, digeſt Pork, and Peaſe-ſoup, as Yorkſhire or Nottingham ale. They make excellent *Birdlime*, and, when ſimmer'd ſome time over a gentle fire, make the moſt ſticking and the beſt *Plaiſter*, for old ſtrains, that can be contrived. Even the *Small beer* that is commonly drank at London, if it be not well boiled, very clear and of a due age, muſt be hurtful to perſons of weak nerves, and ſlow digeſtion. For fermenting again in the alimentary channels, it will fill the whole cavities of the body with windy fumes and vapours, which will at length play odd pranks in a crazy conſtitution. In fine, the valetudinary, ſtudious, and contemplative, muſt be contented with a pint of midling light Wine a day, one half with, and the other without water.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

DP. *Daily Poſt.*
DJ. *Daily Journal.*
DA. *Daily Advertiſer.*
LP. *London Daily Poſt.*
G. *Daily Gazetteer.*
LE. *London Evening Poſt.*

THURSDAY, *Nov.* 11. We hear, that the Lord Char. Hay, brother to the Marq. of Tweedale, is appointed to ſucceed Sir Adolphus Oughton, Bar. deceas'd, as Capt. and Colonel of a regiment of Dragoons in Ireland. *DP.*

The right hon. the Earl of Kinnoul is arriv'd at Paris. *DP.*

On tueſday a lady of quality ſent 100 l. by a clergyman to ſeveral jails in and about London, for the relief of the pooreſt ſort of people. *DJ.*

Yeſterday a libellous Paper was affixed to the gate of Weſtminſter-hall, highly reflecting on his Majeſty and his government. *LP.*

At Chelmsford one day laſt week ſome dragoons having got drunk, ſcoured the ſtreets between 1 and 2 in the morning, with a reſolution to kill every man they met. Accordingly they fell upon the bell-man near the conſtable's door, who came to his aſſiſtance, and with his ſhort ſtaff beat one of them almoſt to death, whilſt the other ran to call ſome of his comrades; who, upon the conſtable's retiring, broke open his houſe, and made his wife ſhew them with a candle, into every corner, in order to find and kill her husband. Another party of them miſerably cut and bruiſed one Geo. Marſh, &c. 3 are in goal, and 5 have deſerted: they are chiefly Iriſh. *LP.*

Laſt week Mr. Eadnell's houſe in Southampton buildings, Chancery-lane, at which a watchman is poſted, was ſtripp'd of all the lead over the door; and on ſunday night the houſe of Counſellor Reynolds, not 20 yards diſtance, was ſtripp'd in like manner, tho' lamps were burning all night over both doors. *DP.* — *It could be no difficult matter to* ſtrip off lead, *with the aſſiſtance of* bright lamps *and* dark watch-men.

Died, laſt thurſday, at Wells in Norfolk, Mr. John Keene, collector of the cuſtoms. —— On ſunday, at Rochampton, Geo. Maſters, Eſq; —— Yeſterday, at Stanſtead, Ric. Greenwood, Eſq; *DA.*

At Poltimore Common in Devonſhire, one Mary Edwards, who had been diſorder'd in her ſenſes, ſeeking for ſnails with her 3 children, the eldeſt about 7 years old frighted the youngeſt with one of them; at which ſhe was ſo enrag'd, that ſhe laid his head againſt a great ſtone, and with another daſh'd his brains out; and then ſerved the other 2 children ſo. *DJ.*

FRIDAY, *Nov.* 12. Her grace the Dutcheſs Dowager of Marlborough, being about to make a ſpacious opening from her houſe in S. James's Park into Pall-Mall, has given notice to ſeveral of the inhabitants to quit their houſes ſoon after Chriſtmas. —— His grace the Duke of Kingſton has ordered his houſe in Arlington-ſtreet to be pulled down, and a new one built, after the model of the Earl of Cholmondeley's, in the ſame ſtreet. *LP.*

Yeſterday Mr. Savage an apothecary, near Red-lyon-ſquare, Mr. Turner in the Strand, and Mr. Jones Diſtillers, were convicted of ſelling ſpirituous liquors; and one Roberts was committed to Clerkenwell Bridewell for 2 months, for ſelling Geneva in Goſwell-ſtreet. *DA.* —— Mr. Wheeler in Ruſſel-ſtreet Covent-garden was likewiſe convicted; and 7 other perſons. *LP.*

Mrs. Mapp, the famous bone-ſetter, has taken lodgings in Pall-Mall, near Mr. Joſhua Ward's, &c. *LP.* — Quære. *Whether* She *wants his aſſiſtance moſt, or* He *her's.*

Married, on tueſday, at Chiſwick, Sam. Edwin, of Hammerſmith, Eſq; to Miſs Jane Hatt, of Chiſwick, an agreeably young Lady with a plentiful fortune. *DP.* —— Yeſterday Geo. Harwood, of Worceſter, to Miſs Jones, only daughter and coheireſs of John Jones of Rickmanſworth in Bucks, Eſq; *G.*

Died, laſt night, in an advanced age, the Lady Price, relict of the late Judge Price. *DA.* —— On wedneſday night, in Gray's-inn, Mrs. Price, relict of Rob. Price, Eſq; on account of ſome miſunderſtandings between them, ſhe did not cohabit with the Judge for ſome years before he died. *LP.* —— Mr. Conundrum *ſays, it was rather* on the account of ſome *right underſtandings* between them.

On ſunday night, Mrs. Jenkinſon, a maiden lady of conſiderable fortune, in New Bond-ſtreet, being in her parlour, fell into the fire, ſuppoſed being in a fit, and was burnt in ſuch a miſerable manner, that ſhe died the next day. *LP.*

SATURDAY, *Nov.* 13. His Majeſty, as Governor of the South-ſea Company, having, according to annual cuſtom, preſented the Directors with a brace of does, they had yeſterday a very grand entertainment at Pontack's. *DP.*

Yeſterday the Lords of the Admiralty were pleas'd to put into commiſſion his Majeſty's ſhip the Greenwich, a 4th rate of 50 guns, and gave the command to Capt. Cornwall, who is to be ſtation'd with the Eltham in the Weſt Indies. *DJ. G.* —— The ſtation is kept in petto. *DP.*

Sir Rob. Walpole has purchas'd a piece of ground near Groſvenor-ſquare, to build a houſe for one of his ſons. *LP.*

On wedneſday John Dalby of Hurſt, Eſq; was elected at Abingdon one of the verdurers of Windſor-foreſt, in the room of Will. Angell, Eſq; deceas'd.

On thurſday as the Lord Chancellor was returning from Weſtminſter, a hackney coachman had the inſolence to ſtop the way, and would not give way for his Lordſhip, but knock'd the officer down, and cut him ſadly croſs the face, ſo that his Lordſhip was forced to interfere and ordered the offender to be brought up to Weſtminſter. *DA.* — *This pity this impudent* fellow *is too poor to be* impriſoned in Chancery *for ſeven years.*

Notwithſtanding the diligence of the magiſtrates Gin is frequently ſold in the ſtreets, and by bomb-boats upon the water. *DP.* —— Yeſterday one Tracey was committed to hard labour for retailing Geneva, &c. *DJ.*

We hear from Penzance in Cornwall, that 40,000 hogſheads of pilchards have been taken ſince Michaelmas, the greateſt part of which will be ſold for half a moidore per hogſhead, beſides the King's bounty, which is 7 s. per hogſhead. *DP.*

Married ſome days ago at the Fleet, a gentleman of fortune near 70, to a young woman about 16, daughter to a ſhoemaker in Holborn. *DJ.* —— On ſunday, Will. Cleveland, Eſq; to Miſs Polleſton, a very agreeable young Lady with a handſome fortune. *DJ. G.*

Died on wedneſday in Gray's-inn, Rob. Fenwick, Eſq; barriſter at law. *LP.* —— On thurſday, at Maidſtone in Kent, Tho. Bransfield, Eſq; *DP. DA.*

MONDAY, *Nov.* 15. Yeſterday the rev. Mr. Trevor preach'd before her Majeſty, the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, &c. *DJ.* —— Dr. Trevor. *G.* —— And the Rev. Dr. Egerton before the Duke, &c. *DJ.* —— Her Majeſty continues indiſpos'd with the gout. *G.*

Great preparations are making for a ſplendid appearance of the nobility, &c. at S. James's on thurſday, the birth day of the Princeſs of Wales, which will be celebrated in a very grand manner. *DA.* —— Beſides the grand drawing room at noon, there will be at night a Ball. *G.* The birth day is ordered to be kept at Kenſington, and there will be no Ball. *LP.*

We hear, that the Lord Viſc. Glenorchy will be appointed Governor of Barbados. *DJ.*

On ſaturday the Duke of Devonſhire appointed Edmund Stone, to be deputy ſerjeant porter to his Majeſty. *DJ.*

John Herring, Eſq; is choſen high ſheriff for the town and county of Southampton. *DJ.* —— Notwithſtanding the great oppoſition made by the Court intereſt. *DP.*

Letters from Oxford ſay, that Sir Thomas Hanmer, Bart. (formerly ſpeaker of the houſe of commons in the moſt glorious latter days of Queen Anne) oppoſes Mr. Bromley (whoſe father was a great benefactor to the Univerſity) as a Candidate to repreſent that learned body, in the room of the late Dr. Clarke; tho' it is generally thought the reſpect they bear to a truſtee of Dr. Radcliffe will ſurmount all oppoſition. *DP.*

The ſame letters add, that Dr. Clarke having obſerved the great expences attending Viſitations, the frequent moſt partial and unrighteous determinations given by Archbiſhops, Biſhops, and others, viſitors of colleges in both Univerſities, (eſpecially when in their dotage) has directed by his will, that the Provoſt and ſix fellows of his future foundation ſhould determine all controverſies that may happen, by a majority among themſelves; the trueſt and ſureſt way to eſtabliſh and preſerve peace, ſave the unavoidable expences of appeals, and keep the money for better uſes in their Colledge treaſury. *DP.*

Yeſterday the coaches and horſe paſſengers rode over the new road in Hide-park, for the firſt time; and the lamps are removing from the old road to the new. *LP.* — *I hope* my Brother *was not ſo much in the* dark, *as to his frequent articles about the* City lamps; *for not one of thoſe in* Hyde-park *is* removing.

The Commiſſioners of Exciſe have order'd, that two gallons of liquor that ſhall be ſold for the future, ſhall be of one ſort entirely, and not of two, &c. *DA. DP.* —— On ſaturday Mr. Rob. Dale, Diſtiller, in Blackmore-ſtreet, was convicted and paid 100 l. *DA.* —— Gin is ſtill ſold about ſtreets every morning about 6 and 7 o'clock, by women and ſhoe-blackers. *LP.*

Yeſterday Mrs. Hill, wife of a writing-maſter, was obliged to do penance in the church of S. Michael Baſſiſhaw for calling a woman *Whore.* *DJ.*

Died, a few days ago, of fits, after a long illneſs, Mrs. Mary Jenkinſon of New Bond-ſtreet, daughter of Sir Paul, Bar. —— On wedneſday, at Bath, the hon. Brigadier Stewart. *DA.* —— On friday, at Rocheſter, ... Towers, Eſq; *G.* —— On ſaturday, at Slough in Bucks, the rev. Mr. Boyle, M. A. one of the prebendaries of York. *DP.*

TUESDAY, *Nov.* 16. We hear, that a certain Iriſh Lady (againſt whom ſentence was lately given in a cauſe relating to a matrimonial contract) has appealed to the court of Delegates. *DP.*

On ſaturday the Lord Weymouth's groom rode a horſe from High-park-corner to Stains-bridge near Windſor in an hour and 5 minutes, for a wager of 30 guineas: he was allow'd an hour and 12 minutes. *DP.* —— The horſe of Mr. Carter a ſtone-cutter at Hyde-park corner ran from thence to Datchet-bridge in leſs than an hour and half. *DA.*

Yeſterday his grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury lay very dangerouſly ill. *DA.* —— His grace was yeſterday as well as he has been for ſome months paſt. *LP.*

Married, laſt week, at Lewes in Suſſex, Tho. Eversfield, Eſq; to the reliſt of Kenrick Dawkins, Eſq; a very accompliſh'd Lady with a fortune of 15,000 l. *DJ.* —— A few days ſince, in Yorkſhire, Sir Will. Lowther, Bar. to Miſs Ramſden. *DP.* —— A very agreeable young lady, with a fortune of 20,000 l. *DA* —— On ſunday, George Medlicote, Eſq; to Miſs Jane Rewbury, an heireſs of 500 l. per ann. *DP.* —— Jacob Wright, of Eaſt Sheen, Eſq; to Miſs Norton, a very agreeable young lady, with a fortune of 12,000 l. *G.* —— Yeſterday, at Stretham, Lewes Way, Eſq; one of the Directors of the South-ſea Company, to Mrs. Newnham, an agreeable young lady with 12,000 l. *DA.* — —— A fine young

lady, &c. *LP.*

Died on ſunday in Golden-ſquare, the hon. Eliz. Jernegan wife of Dr. Jernegan. *DA.* —— Of a fever on her ſpirits. *LP.*

WEDNESDAY, *Nov.* 17. On monday his royal highneſs the Prince gave notice, that he will receive the gentlemen on friday next about noon at St. James's; and her royal highneſs the Princeſs the ladies at 1 o' clock; her royal highneſs being born early in the morning, Nov. 30. N. S. which correſponds to the 19th of our ſtyle. *DJ. LP.*

We hear, that early in the ſpring 8 men of war will be put in commiſſion, and ſent to Portugal to join the fleet, &c.——The Commiſſioners of the victualling office have ordered 4 months proviſions to be ſent thither, &c *DJ.*

'Tis ſaid, that yeſterday came advice to the governor of the Tower, that Mr. Kelly was landed at Calais. *DA.* ——The Commiſſioners of Exciſe received advice on monday laſt, from one of their officers in the iſle of Thanet, that Mr. Kelly embark'd at Broad-ſtairs in that iſland, ſeveral days ſince for France. He agreed with two fiſhermen for five pounds, to land him in France; when they ſet him on ſhore there, he gave them five guineas, and told them if any body enquir'd for George Kelly, they might ſay he was ſafe landed in France; one of the fiſhermen being at an alehouſe, and hearing the Advertiſement read, for taking the ſaid Kelly, cry'd out, *Lord, this is the man was landed in France*, and related the above particulars. *LP.*

Married, yeſterday, at Whitehall chapel, Sam. Lane, Eſq; to Miſs Wilſon, an heireſs of 14,000 l. fortune. *DP.*

Died, on ſunday, at Rocheſter, the rev. Mr. Kettle, one of the Prebendaries of the cathedral church. *DP.*—— At Lewes in Suſſex, Tho. Garland, Eſq; *DA.* — On monday night laſt, of a fit of an apoplexy, at the Oxford-arms inn in Warwick-lane, where ſhe conſtantly reſided when in London, Mrs. Jennings, a maiden Lady, of a prodigious bulk, under 30 years of age. She has left her fortune, to the amount of near 80,000 l. to her nephew, and two nieces. Her corpſe is to be dreſs'd in a ſuit of black velvet, which ſhe had on when ſhe died, and put in a coffin cover'd with the ſame, and interr'd in a few days, near the remains of her ſiſter in St. James's church, Weſtminſter. *LP.*——On ſaturday, in Surry-ſtreet in the Strand, the ingenious Mr. Sale, author of the Korsn of Mahomed, &c. *LP.*—*I thought* Mahomed *himſelf had been the* author.

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

THE following *Extract* from Dr. FULLER's *Pharmacopœia Extemporanea*, was thought a proper *Appendix* to the preceding *Extracts* from Dr. CHEYNE.

Whatever ſome Outlandiſh men may invidiouſly ſay, and others as ſlaviſhly believe, midling Ale brew'd of the beſt Malt, boiled, fermented, depurated according to art; that hath no burnt, muſty, or otherwiſe ill ſmack; that is pale, ſparkling fine, freſh, and not upon the fret; and alſo is of age juſt to leave its malty taſte, grow winey, and yet not run into any degree of ſourneſs.

Such Liquor is the moſt comfortable, and coveted Drink the world perhaps ever yet found out, to pacify the loudeſt of Nature's cries, under the tortures of a burning, hot, thirſty Stomach.

For beyond all other things, it cools and moiſtens the parched membranes of the ſtomach; ſcoureth ſalt, acrid, bitter, frothy, ſlimy filth, from off the *Villæ* and glands; turns it over the *Pylorus*; and leaves a balmy, benign *Litus* inſtead, to keep all ſupple and eaſy. Thus it quencheth that moſt unſufferable paſſion of thirſt, refreſheth the bowels, relieveth the Spirits, and proves a true Cordial in outragious ſcalding fevers.

After theſe good offices in the Ventricle, it detergeth and openeth the mouths of the Lacteals, that were almoſt baked up with ſlime; dilutes and refrigerates the blood, allays the fervent heat, and criſpations of the parboil'd *Fibrillæ*, repairs all the waſts with nutritious Chyme; cleanſeth the minuteſt paſſages and emunctories; and helpeth the whole maſs to circulate freely and duly, to nouriſh and cheriſh the parts; and to throw off its recrements by urine, and (where there is an aptitude) by ſweat and ſpittle.

The ſweeter, ſofter and thicker Ale is, the more it ſupplieth, filleth and nouriſheth. The ſmarter and ſtaler, the more it openeth and detergeth; and Hops (which give it the name of Beer) are for that intention ſuch an ingredient (not bad for the ſtone) and ſo particular, that Nature ſeems to have put it into the world for this very uſe, without a fellow: For when the covetous publick Brewers have in dear times, uſed all their endeavours to find out a *Succedanum* to it, never could they light upon any thing that would clarify, reliſh and preſerve Beer, as that doth.

Since our laſt. we have received Letters from HIBERNUS, from I. D. and from a *Reader of Speculations*.

Yeſterday Bank Stock was 148 5 8ths a 3 4ths. India 179 a 8 3 4ths. S. S. Trading Stock 100 3 8ths a 1 half. Annuities 111 1 4th. New Annuities 110 5 8ths. a 3 4ths. Three per Cent. Annuity 105 1 4th a 3 8ths. Million-Bank 116. African 16. Royal Aſſurance 110 3 4ths a 11. London Aſſurance 14 1 half. New Bank Circulation 1 l. a 2 s. 6 d. Prem. South Sea Bonds 3 l. 8 s. a 6 s. Prem. India ditto 6 l. 2 s. a 3 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 6 l. a 1 s. Prem. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 8 s. Welſh ditto, no Price. Salt Tallies 3 a 4 1 half. Prem. Emperor's Loan 117. Three and a half per Cent Exchequer Orders 6 1 half. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 1 7 8ths a 2. Prem.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

This Day is publiſh'd,

GREEK PARTICLES Engliſh'd, together with a ſmall Lexicon, explaining the Words uſed in the Examples.

Printed for Jer. Batley and John Wood, at the Dove in Pater-noſter Row.

Where may be had, juſt publiſh'd,

Terence's Comedies tranſlated into Engliſh, with critical and explanatory Notes. To which is prefix'd a Diſſertation on the Life and Writings of Terence, containing an Enquiry into the Riſe and progreſs of Dramatick Poetry in Greece and Rome, with Remarks on the Comic Meaſure.

Bow Church-yard, Nov. 3, 1736.

MR. THOMAS COBB, Printer and Engraver, who married the Widow of the late Mr. JOHN CLUER, at the Maiden-head, the lower End of Bow Church Yard, in Cheapſide, London, having aſſigned and ſold the ſaid Printing Houſe and Buſineſs to his Brother-in law WILLIAM DICEY;

This publick Notice is given,

That *WILLIAM DICEY*, for himſelf, and his Son *CLUER DICEY*, being provided with complete Sets of new Types, and all other Materials, carries on, in the moſt expeditious Manner, all Buſineſs, both in the Letter and Rolling Preſs Way.

Alſo Shopkeepers, and others, may there have curiouſly Engraven (as well as printed) Sign-Plates, Bills of Parcels, or any other Buſineſs, either in Wood or Copper.

Note, The wholeſale and retale Warehouſe for diſpenſing *Dr. BATEMAN's* PECTORAL DROPS, for the Encouragement and more beneficial uſe of which Sovereign Chymical Medicine, his Majeſty hath granted his Letters patent under the Great Seal of Great *Britain*, is continued and carried on in London, only by the ſaid WILLIAM DICEY and BENJAMIN OKELL, the Patentee, at the Printing Office in Bow Church Yard aforeſaid: Where all Merchants, for Tranſportation, Shopkeepers, and others, for Sale or charitable uſes, may be ſupplied, with good Allowance.

Note alſo, That ſuch Shopkeepers, &c. as cannot with Conveniency be ſerved from London, may have their Orders obeyed, by directing or ſending *To WILLIAM DICEY, at his Warehouſe in* Northampton: At both which places a Book of the Virtues and uſe of the ſaid DROPS may be had gratis.

Juſt publiſh'd,

(Price One Shilling,)

A New ENGLISH ACCIDENCE, by Way of Short Queſtion and Anſwer, built upon the plan of the Latin Grammar, ſo far as it agrees with, and is conſiſtent with the Nature and Genius of the Engliſh Tongue Deſigned for the uſe and Benefit, and adapted to the Capacity of Young Lads at the Engliſh School, in order to teach them the Grounds of their Mother Tongue, and fit them for the more eaſy and expeditious attaining the Grammar of the Latin, or any other Langnage. Humbly addreſs'd to the Teachers of Engliſh Schools in Great Britain, and ſubmitted to their Candour and Judgment.

If no Children were to learn Latin, *or any other* Foreign Language, *till they had firſt learned the* Art *of* Grammar *in their* Mother Tongue, *I doubt not but our* Latin Schools, *would ſoon become much more ſucceſsful and uſeful to the* Nation, *than ever yet they have been.*

Mr. *A. Lane*'s Preface to his Art of Letters.

Printed for J. Hodges, at the Looking Glaſs on London Bridge, and ſold by H. Boad and J. Kendall, Bookſellers at Colcheſter.

N. B. This Book, tho' deſign'd principally for the uſe of the Engliſh Schools, is highly neceſſary for all Families, where there are young Perſons of either Sex, who want to be inſtructed in the Grounds of the Engliſh Tongue, and thereby qualify'd for ſpeaking and writing it correctly and properly.

Where likewiſe may be had,

The Youth's Guide to the Latin Tongue; or an Explication of Lilly's Rules, wherein the Rules are made plain and eaſy, to the Capacity of young Learners, by a new verbal Tranſlation, the Examples declin'd, and the Senſe illuſtrated with uſeful Notes and Obſervations from the beſt Grammarians. By T. Dyche. Price bound 1 s.

This Day is publiſh'd, Pr. 2 s. 6 d. *bound.*

For the Uſe of SCHOOLS,

EUTROPII Hiſtoriæ Romanæ Breviarium: or, an Abridgment of the Roman Hiſtory of Eutropius.

With the following Improvements.

I. The Words of the Author are placed in the grammatical Order, in the lower page of the page.

II. In the Order of Conſtruction every Word of more than two Syllables is mark'd with an Accent, directing the Pronunciation.

III. A geographical Index, giving an Account of the places mention'd in the Author.

IV. An alphabetical Vocabulary of the Words in the Author, ſhewing their parts of Speech and Signification.

V. The Themes of the Verbs with their Government.

VI. An Introduction to the four parts of Latin Grammar, containing the Doctrine of the parts of Speech; the Variations of thoſe that are declinable; the Rules of Concord and Government; alſo concerning the Quantity of Letters and Syllables; and laſtly the Rhetorical Figures moſt neceſſary and ornamental in Speech.

By JOHN STIRLING, M. A.

Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of GORDON.

Alſo lately publiſh'd, by the ſame Author,

1. P. Ovidii Naſonis Triſtia, 8vo. price 3 s. 6 d. bound.
2. Phædri Auguſti Cæſaris Fabulæ, 8vo. price 2 s bound.
2. Corderii Centuria Selecta, 8vo. price 2 s bound.
4. A. Perſii Flacci Satiræ, 8vo. price 1 s ſtitch'd.
5. P. Virgilii Maronis Bucolica, 8vo. price 1 s. ſtitch'd.
6. Catechiſmus & Articuli Eccl. Angl. price 1 s bound.
7. Catonis Diſticha Moralia, &c. price 9 d. ſtitch'd.
8. A ſhort Syſtem of Rhetorick, 2d Edit. price 4 d. ſtitch'd.
9. A ſhort View of the Engliſh Grammar. price 6 d. ſtitch'd.
10. Breviarium Grammaticæ, Exemplaribus ſcribendis adaptum: or, the Rudiments of Grammar, engraved on Copper plates, for Copies, price 6 d. ſtitch'd.

In the *Preſs*, by the ſame Author.

11. Pub. Terentii Afri Comædiæ Sex.
12. Pub. Virgilii Maronis Opera.
13. L. Annæi Flori Hiſtoria Romana.

Sold by T. Aſtley, at the Roſe over-againſt the North Door of St. *Paul's*.

On Wedneſday the firſt of December *next will be publiſh'd, curiouſly printed in four Volumes in Octavo,*

THE GENERAL HISTORY of CHINA, CHINESE TARTARY, COREA and THIBET, being an Hiſtorical, Geographical, Chronological, political, and phyſical Deſcription of thoſe Countries; done from the celebrated Work of the Pere Du Halde. By R. BROOKES, *A.* M. Rector of Aſhney in Northamptonſhire.

N. B. This Work not only contains a Hiſtory of theſe Countries, and a Deſcription of the ſeveral parts and Inhabitants of them, as well as a View of their Government, Religion, Laws, Cuſtoms, Trade, &c. but likewiſe a great many Tranſlations and curious Extracts of Chineſe Books upon moſt of the arts and Sciences, viz. Moral philoſophy, phyſick, Hiſtory *Muſick*, &c. among other particulars, a complete Chineſe Tragedy, and a piece of their Muſick engrav'd. Through the Whole are caſually interſperſed, the entertaining Travels and adventures of ſeveral of the Jeſuit Miſſionaries, and others in thoſe Countries: The Author of this noble and curious Work ſpent twenty Years in compiling it, which was done chiefly from the accounts ſent him by the *Miſſionaries* then in China.

The Work is adorn'd with large and beautiful Maps of the ſeveral Countries, together with the *Plans* of the principal Cities, and the following curious plates, engrav'd by Mr. Gerard Vandergucht, viz.

The Effigies of Confucius.
The Effigies of *P.* Verbieſt.
The Effigies of *P. A.* Schaal.
The Effigies of *P.* M. Ricci.

A plate of the ſeveral curious Chineſe Shrubs and plants, viz. The Leaf, Root, and Flower of Gin ſeng. Ou tong chu, or the Varniſh Tree. Fou lin. The Tea Shrub. Two ſorts of Cotton Trees. Two ſorts of the Bamboo. Jaca. Betel. Li tchi.

A curious Draught of the plant of Rhubarb.

A Chart ſerving to conduct a Ship up the River into the port of Canton.

The Effigies of Paul Siu, prime Miniſter of State.

The Effigies of Candida, Grand Daughter of the Colao Paul Siu.

A Figure of the Croſs commonly put into the Grave with the Chineſe Chriſtians.

The attendance of the Vice roy of a province whenever he appears in publick.

The various Habits of the Chineſe and Tartars, viz. the Emperor of China in his Robes of State, and in his ordinary Dreſs. Mandarins of Letters in their Summer and Winter Habits. Chineſe Mandarin of War. Tartarian Mandarin of War. A *Bonze*. A Countryman. Chineſe Ladies. A Tartarian Lady. A Bonzeſs. A maid Servant. A Country Woman.

A Repreſentation of a Chineſe Wedding.

The proceſſion at a Chineſe Funeral.

A Draught of the Chineſe Ships and other Veſſels. An uncommon Method of Fiſhing, and catching Wild Ducks.

Three plates of the Chineſe Money.

The whole proceſs of the Silk Manufactory, with the management of Silk Worms.

The Obſervatory at Peking.

A Map of a new Diſcovery made by Captain Beerings, by Order of the late Czar of Muſcovy, in a Journey from Tobolk to Kamskatska.

Printed by and for John Watts, at the Printing Office in Wild Court near Lincoln's Inn Fields; and ſold by the Bookſellers both of Town and Country.

This Day is publiſh'd,
(In One Volume, OCTAVO, *Price* 6*s.)*
The Second Edition, with Additions,
A NEW
General ENGLISH-DICTIONARY;
Peculiarly calculated for
The USE and IMPROVEMENTS of ſuch as are unacquainted with the Learned Languages.
Wherein
The difficult WORDS, and Technical TERMS made uſe of in

Anatomy,	Divinity,	Hunting,	Navigation,
Architecture,	Gardening,	Husbandry,	Painting,
Arithmetick,	Grammar,	Law,	Poetry,
Algebra,	Hawking,	Logick,	Rhetoric,
Aſtronomy,	Heraldry,	Mathematicks,	Sculpture,
Botany,	Hiſtory,	Mechanicks,	Surgery, &c.
Chymiſtry,	Horſemanſhip,	Muſick,	

are not only fully explained, but accented on their proper Syllables, to prevent a vicious Pronunciation; and mark'd with initial Capitals, to denote the part of Speech to which each Word peculiarly belongs.

To which is prefix'd,

A Compendious ENGLISH GRAMMAR, with general Rules for the ready Formation of one part of Speech from another; by a due Application whereof, ſuch as underſtand the Engliſh only, may be able to write as correctly and elegantly as thoſe who have been ſome Years converſant with the Latin, Greek, &c.

Together with

A SUPPLEMENT of the proper Names of the moſt noted Kingdoms, Provinces, Cities, Towns, Rivers, &c. throughout the known World: As alſo of the moſt celebrated Emperors, Kings, Queens, Prieſts, Poets, Philoſophers, Generals, &c. whether Jewiſh, Pagan, Mahometan, or Chriſtian; but more eſpecially ſuch as are mentioned either in the Old or New Teſtament.

The Whole Alphabetically digeſted, and collected for the uſe of ſuch as have but an imperfect Idea of the Engliſh Orthography.

Originally begun by the late Rev. Mr. T. DYCHE,
Author of the Spelling Dictionary, and a Guide to the Engliſh Tongue, in Two Parts.

And now finiſh'd by WILLIAM PARLON, *Gent.*
Printed for R. Ware in Amen Corner, Pater-noſter Row.

This Day is publiſh'd,
Price One Shilling,
A SERMON preach'd at the Ordination of the Rev Mr. *William Johnſon*, October 6, 1736, at Ryegate in Surry.
By JOHN GUYSE, D. D.
To which are added,
Mr. *Johnſon's* Confeſſion of Faith; and an Exhortation to him, by *Abraham Taylor*, D. D. All publiſhed at the united Requeſt of the Church, and of the other Miniſters then preſent.
Printed for J. Oſwald, at the Roſe and Crown in the Poultry, and A. Cruden, under the Royal Exchange.
Where may be had, lately publiſh'd, by J. Guyſe, D. D.
I. *Youth's Monitor*, in ſix annual Sermons, preach'd to young people at New Broad-ſtreet, on the following Subjects, viz. 1. Aggravations and Sorrows of youthful Iniquities. 2. Sin the Reproach and Shame of Youth. 3. The pleaſure of Chriſt's Ways. 4. His Approbation and Defence of young Diſciples. 5. The Importance of avoiding bad, and of chuſing good Company. 6. The Duty and Advantage of knowing and ſerving the GOD of our Fathers. Publiſh'd at the Requeſt of the Church, for the Benefit of their own, and others Children. Price bound in Calf and Letter'd 2 s. 6 d.
II. *Death* and *Heaven*, or the laſt Enemy conquer'd, and ſeparate Spirits made perfect; with an Account of the rich Variety of their Employments and Pleaſures; attempted in two Funeral Diſcourſes, in Memory of Sir John Hartopp, Bart. and his Lady, deceas'd. By J. Watts, D. D. The third Edition, with the Preface to the German Tranſlation, 1 Pet. iii. 7. "Heirs together of the Grace of Life."
III. The Redeemer and Sanctifier; or, The Sacrifice of Chriſt, and the Operations of the Spirit vindicated; with a Debate about the Importance of thoſe Doctrines, repreſented in a friendly Converſation between perſons of different Sentiments. 1 Pet. i. 2. "Elect according to the Foreknowledge "of God the Father, thro' Sanctification of the Spirit unto "Obedience, and ſprinkling of the Blood of Jeſus Chriſt."
IV. Goſpel Sonnets, or Spiritual Songs. In ſix parts. 1. The Believer's Eſpouſals. 2. The Believer's Jointure. 3. The Believer's Riddle. 4. The Believer's Lodging. 5. The Believer's Soliloquy. 6. The Believer's Principles concerning Creation and Redemption, Law and Goſpel, Juſtification and Sanctification, Faith and Senſe, Heaven and Earth. The Fourth Edition, with large Additions and Improvements. By Ralph Erſkine, M. A.
V. Remarks on a Catechiſm, publiſhed under the Title of, The Aſſembly's Shorter Catechiſm revis'd, and render'd fitter for general uſe. The Aſſembly's own Catechiſm is likewiſe added, as an Appendix to theſe Remarks.
VI. The Effigies of John Guyſe, D. D. curiouſly engraved by J. Faber, price 1 s. 6 d.

Next Month will be publiſh'd,
With his MAJESTY's Royal LICENCE,
The Third Edition, in FOLIO, of
The GARDENERS DICTIONARY:
Containing the Methods of
CULTIVATING and IMPROVING
THE
Kitchen, Fruit, and Flower Garden,
As alſo the
Phyſick Garden, Wilderneſs, Conſervatory,
and *Vineyard*;
According to the PRACTICE of the moſt experienced Gardeners of the *Preſent Age*.
Interſperſed with the Hiſtory of PLANTS, the Characters of each Genus, and the Names of all the particular Species, in Latin and Engliſh; and an Explanation of all the Terms uſed in Botany and Gardening.
Together with
Accounts of the Nature and Uſe of Barometers, and Hygrometers, proper for GARDENERS; and of the Origin, Cauſes, and Nature of *Meteors*; and the particular Influences of Air, Earth, Fire, and Water, upon *Vegetation*, according to the beſt *Natural Philoſophers*.
Adorned with COPPER PLATES.
With an APPENDIX.
By *PHILIP MILLER*,
Gardener to the Worſhipful Company of APOTHECARIES, at their BOTANICK Garden at *Cheſea*, and F. R. S.
—— *Digna manet divini gloria ruris.* Virg. Geo.
Printed for the Author; and ſold by C. Rivington, at the Bible and Crown in St Paul's Church Yard.
Where alſo may be had,
I. An Abridgment of the Gardeners Dictionary. In Two Volumes, 8vo.
II. The Gardeners Kalender, in Octavo.
Both by the ſame Author.

Monday, Nov. 1. *began to be publiſh'd, as uſual from St.* John's *Gate*,
(Price Six-Pence.)
Neatly printed on a fine Paper, and ſtitch'd in blue Covers,
THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE:
For October, 1736.
Containing more in Quantity, and greater Variety, than any Book of the Kind and price. (viz.)
I. Account of Wheat, &c. exported laſt Year, and the Bounty Money allowed thereon. Publick Accompts to Michaelmas, 1735.
II. Proceedings and Debates in laſt Seſſion of Parliament, (viz.) Speeches of S——l S——ys, Eſq; Sir J——n *B*——d, and Mr. A——n W——ll——t, for raiſing the Supplies within the Year. Anſwered by Sir R——t W——le, T——s W——n——n, Eſq; Mr. A——n H——te. Mr. P——y's Speech againſt laying the high Duty on Spirituous Liquors. Debates and Speeches on ſeveral Clauſes in that Bill; alſo an Account of the Duties payable in any of the Britiſh Plantations.
III. Original Letters on curious Subjects, (viz.) Miracle of St. Januarius's Blood. Ignoto to H. O. *Method* of bringing Sight to thoſe who never had it. A Challenge to A. *P.* &c.
IV. Theological points, (viz.) Prayer proved a natural Duty. Of painting and burying in Churches. Newgate Sacraments. Of the Hebrew *Poeſy*, by Mr. Facio, F. R. S. &c.
V. Political points. Origin and Election of *Kings*. Magiſtrates of Dort elected by a Louſe. Of weak Kings, and their *Puniſhment*. Anecdotes of King James II. Scheme for ſettling the *Paſs* of Ambaſſadors. Board of Kings. Scheme for new Method of Shaving, a ſeditious Contrivance. Advice to the Barbers thereon.
VI. Eſſays on various Subjects. Unſurmountable Difficulties of Fog ſurmounted. Number of Mankind at the Deluge computed. Short Character of the French King. The late Mr. Wright's Eſtate rais'd from 9 s. &c. Miſtake of certain *Philomaths* in their Anſwer to the Ladies Diary.
VII Poetry. Twenty original Eſſays.
VIII. Hiſtorical Chronicle.
IX. Foreign Affairs.
X. Liſts of Deaths, Births, Preferments, promotions, Bankrupts, &c.
XI. Prices of Stocks, Bill of Mortality.
XII. Regiſter of Books.
XIII. Table of Contents.
By SYLVANUS URBAN, Gent.
Printed by E. Cave, at S. John's Gate, and ſold by the Bookſellers of Town and Country; of whom may be had any former Month, and compleat Sets of the Royal Paper.

ELECTUARIUM MIRABILE:
Or, The Admirable Electuary,
WHICH infallibly cures all Degrees and Symptoms of the Secret Diſeaſe, with more Eaſe, Speed, and Safety, than any Medicine yet publiſh'd. Any old Running tho' of ſeveral Years ſtanding, whether occaſion'd by an Overſtrain, Weakneſs of the Seminals, or the Reliefs of a former Infection, it certainly cures in a ſhort Time, without a Minute's Confinement, Suſpicion, or the uſe of Aſtringents; being a Medicine ſo wonderfully pleaſant and eaſy in its Operation, that the niceſt palate, or weakeſt Conſtitution, may take it with Delight: Two Pots are generally ſufficient to compleat a Cure in moſt Caſes: To be had (with Directions at large) only of the Author, Dr. CAM, a Graduate Phyſician, who has publiſh'd it 30 Years, and is conſtantly to be adviſed with at his Houſe, at the Golden Ball, in Bow Church Yard, Cheapſide, at Half a Guinea the Pot.

N. B. *Since nothing is more requiſite, in the Cure of any Diſtemper, than for a Patient to have free Acceſs to his Phyſician; therefore beware of buying Medicines at Toy-ſhops, Bookſellers Shops, &c. the Authors of which are always conceal'd, and not to be ſpoke with on any Occaſion: And tho' by their ſpecious Pretences you are promiſed a cheap Cure, you will certainly find it very dear in the End.*

Verbum ſat Sapienti.

See his Books lately publiſh'd, viz. His rational and uſeful Account of the Secret Diſeaſe. Price 1 s.
His Practical Treatiſe; or, Second Thoughts on the Conſequence of the Venereal Diſeaſe. In four parts, viz. 1. On the Simple Gonorrhœa, Gleets, and other Weakneſſes, whether from Venereal Embraces, Self pollution, improperly call'd Onaniſm, or natural Imbecility. 2. On the virulent Gonorrhœa or Clap. 3. On the Venereal Lues, or Grand Pox, &c. 4. On the Symptomatick Lues, 5th Edit. Price 2 s. 6 d.
His Eſſay on the Rheumatiſm and Gout, Price 6 d.
His Diſcourſe on Convulſions, Price 6 d.
And his Vindication on the practice of Salivating, Price 1 s.
All ſold by G. Straham in Cornhill, J. Wilford in S. Paul's Church Yard, and at the Author's Houſe beforemention'd.

Dr. NEWMAN's *Famous Anti-Venereal Pill.*

WHICH, to the Surprize of all that take it, cures all Degrees of the Venereal Diſeaſe; it ſpeedily removes pains in the Head, Arms, or Legs, takes away the Running, Cordee, Heat of Urine, Soreneſs, and Inflammation of the parts: or any old Gleets, tho' of many Years ſtanding. It perfectly cures without hindrance of Buſineſs, or Confinement one Hour; nay, if you have Nodes, tumified Teſticles, Pockey Warts, Buboes, Shankers, Phymoſes, Paraphymoſes, Ulcers in the Mouth, Noſe, Throat, or Palate: Or if you are broke out in Scabs, and *Blotches*, from Head to Foot, in a ſhort Time you will be well, two or three being ſufficient when the Diſtemper is gentle, or freſh contracted; but if it has been long on the patient, or in the *Blood*, a few more is required for a Cure; there is but one in a Doſe, no bigger than a ſmall Pea, having neither Taſte, or Smell, and are ſold at ſo eaſy a price, as only two Shillings each. They are likewiſe put up in Boxes of half a Guinea and a Guinea price, being ſufficient in the worſt of caſes. Where may be had, ready to be delivered to any Meſſenger, the only Medicine in the World for all Seminal Weakneſſes, from Falls, Blows, Wrenches, Strains, hard Labours, *Miſcarriages*, Fluor Albus in Women, the Remains of Mercury unskilfully prepar'd, foul ſettling in the urine, old Gleets, Reliefs of the Venereal Diſeaſe; or Damage by Self-pollution, a Dripping of Matter, pain in the Back, or often Occaſion to make Water, Weakneſs of the Veſſels after any former Cure at 5 s. the Vial: It ought to be taken after every Cure, to ſtrengthen the Body after the phyſick. Note, Theſe Drops and Pills will be readily ſent by the poſt to any part of England, if you ſend your Money in a Letter by the Stage-coaches.

I likewiſe have Chimical Water that cures the Itch and all Itchy *Breakings* out.

I have an Electuary which cures Colds, Coughs, Shortneſs of Breath, Aſthma's, Conſumptions, reſtores loſt Appetites, purifies the Blood. It is an infallible Remedy for the Gravel, and Stone, at One Shilling, Half Crown, Crown, and Half a Guinea the Gallipot, with Directions. I have a Powder for the Gripes in young Children, it gives immediate Eaſe, cauſes Reſt, and gives Strength; you may give it in the *Month*, price Six-pence.

Attendance is given every Day, by the Author, a graduate phyſician, at his Houſe at the Blue-Ball in Hand-court, almoſt over-againſt Great Turn Stile Holbourn.

Advice GRATIS.

LONDON: Printed by J. HUGGONSON, near *Sergeants-Inn* in *Chancery-Lane*, and ſold by J. ROBERTS, near the *Oxford Arms* in *Warwick-Lane*; where Letters and Advertiſements are taken in; as alſo by Capt. GULLIVER, near the *Temple*; and at the *Rainbow* Coffee-Houſe in *Cornhill*.